CHEAT HERO

Playwright Testing & Debugging Cheatsheet

A comprehensive cheat sheet covering Playwright's testing and debugging features, including selectors, assertions, debugging techniques, and advanced configurations.



Selectors & Locators

Basic Selectors

| <pre>page.locator(' text=Submit')</pre> | Selects an element containing the text 'Submit'. |
|---|--|
| <pre>page.locator(' button')</pre> | Selects all <button> elements.</button> |
| <pre>page.locator(' #id')</pre> | Selects an element with the ID 'id'. |
| <pre>page.locator(' .class')</pre> | Selects all elements with the class 'class'. |
| <pre>page.locator(' input[name="na me"]')</pre> | Selects an <input/> element with the name attribute 'name'. |

Combining Selectors

| <pre>page.locator ('div > button')</pre> | Selects elements that are direct children of elements. |
|--|---|
| <pre>page.locator ('div.contain er button.primar y')</pre> | Selects button> elements with class 'primary' inside (div> elements with class 'container'. |
| <pre>page.locator ('ul li:nth- child(2)')</pre> | Selects the second <1i>element inside a element. |

Locator Methods

Soft Assertions

| .first() | Selects the first matching element. |
|---|---|
| .last() | Selects the last matching element. |
| <pre>.nth(index)</pre> | Selects the element at the specified index. |
| <pre>.filter({ hasText: 'text' })</pre> | Filters elements to only include those containing the specified text. |
| <pre>.locator(': scope > div')</pre> | Find only immediate children div elements. |

Assertions

Core Assertions

Advanced Assertions

| <pre>expect(page).to HaveURL(url)</pre> | Asserts that the page has the specified URL. | <pre>expect(page).t oHaveTitle(titl e)</pre> | Asserts that the page has the specified title. | Playwright does not have built-in soft assertions You can implement your own using trycatch blocks or custom assertion |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| <pre>.toBeVisible()</pre> | visible. | expect(locator | Asserts that the element has | libraries. |
| <pre>expect(locator) .toBeEnabled()</pre> | Asserts that the element is enabled. |).toHaveCSS(nam e, value) | the specified CSS property and value. | Example: try { |
| <pre>expect(locator) .toHaveText(text)</pre> | Asserts that the element has the specified text. | <pre>expect(locator).toHaveValue(v alue)</pre> | Asserts that the element has the specified value. | <pre>expect(locator).toBeVisible(); } catch (error) { console.warn('Assertion failed:</pre> |
| <pre>expect(locator) .toHaveAttribute (name, value)</pre> | Asserts that the element has the specified attribute and value. | <pre>expect(locator).toContainText (text)</pre> | Asserts that the element contains the specified text. | <pre>Element not visible'); }</pre> |
| <pre>expect(locator) .toHaveCount(cou nt)</pre> | Asserts that the locator resolves to the specified number of elements. | <pre>expect(locator).not.toBeVisib le()</pre> | Asserts that the element is not visible (negative assertion). | |

Debugging Techniques

Debugging in VS Code

- 1. Install the Playwright VS Code extension.
- 2. Set breakpoints in your test code.
- Run your tests in debug mode using the extension's UI or the DEBUG=pw:api environment variable.

DEBUG=pw:api npx playwright test

Playwright Inspector

The Playwright Inspector is a GUI tool to help you debug your tests. It allows stepping through test execution, inspecting the DOM, and generating selectors.

Run tests in debug mode:

npx playwright test --debug

This opens the inspector, pauses execution at the first action, and allows stepping through the test.

Browser DevTools

You can use the browser's DevTools for debugging:

- 1. Set headless: false in your Playwright configuration.
- 2. Use page.pause() in your test to pause execution and open DevTools.

await page.pause();

Tracing

Console Logging

| Playwright's tracing feature records detailed | Use |
|--|------|
| information about test executions, including | cod |
| network requests, console logs, and screenshots. | con |
| <pre>1. Configure tracing in playwright.config.js:</pre> | Exai |
| use: { trace: 'on-first-retry', }, | |
| View the trace using npx playwright show- trace trace.zip. | |

Advanced Configuration

Test Configuration File

```
The playwright.config.js file configures
Playwright's behavior. Key settings include use,
projects, reporter, and timeout.
Example:
module.exports = {
   use: {
      baseURL: 'http://localhost:3000',
      headless: true,
      viewport: { width: 1280, height: 720
   },
   },
   timeout: 30000,
   };
```

Use console.log() statements in your test code to output debugging information to the console. Example:

console.log('Current URL:', page.url());

Environment Variables

BASE_URL=http://exSets the base URL for
the tests.ample.com npxthe tests.playwright testRuns tests in headed
mode (shows the
browser).DEBUG=pw:api npxEnables debug logging
for Playwright API calls.Test Retries

Configure test retries in playwright.config.js to handle flaky tests.

```
module.exports = {
```

```
retries: 2,
```

};

Timeouts

| timeout | Sets the global timeout for tests in playwright.config.js (in milliseconds). |
|---|---|
| <pre>expect(locato r).toBeVisible ({ timeout: 5000 })</pre> | Sets a custom timeout for a specific assertion. |
| <pre>page.goto(url , { timeout: 10000 })</pre> | Sets a custom timeout for page navigation. |