

# **Chinese Language Cheatsheet**

A comprehensive cheat sheet covering essential aspects of the Chinese language, including tones, pronunciation (pinyin), basic grammar, useful phrases, and characters. Useful for beginners and intermediate learners alike.



## **Pinyin & Pronunciation**

## Initials (Consonants)

b	pronounced like 'b' in 'boy'
р	pronounced like 'p' in 'pot' (aspirated)
m	pronounced like 'm' in 'mom'
f	pronounced like 'f' in 'fun'
d	pronounced like 'd' in 'dog'
t	pronounced like 't' in 'top' (aspirated)
n	pronounced like 'n' in 'no'
1	pronounced like 'l' in 'low'

## Finals (Vowels)

pronounced like 'ah' in 'father'
pronounced like 'o' in 'more'
pronounced like 'uh' in 'her'
pronounced like 'ee' in 'see'
pronounced like 'oo' in 'moon'
pronounced like 'u' in French 'tu' or German 'über'

## Tones

First Tone (ā)	High and level. Example: mā ([] - mother)
Second Tone (á)	Rising. Example: má ( 🗆 - hemp)
Third Tone (ă)	Falling then rising. Example: mă ( - horse)
Fourth Tone (à)	Falling. Example: mà ( 🗆 - to scold)
Neutral Tone (a)	Short and light. Example: ma ( ] - question particle)

## **Basic Grammar**

#### Word Order

 $\label{lem:chinese follows Subject-Verb-Object (SVO)} Word \ order, similar to English.$ 

#### Example:

[] (wǒ - I) [] (chī - eat) [] (píngguǒ - apple). I eat apple. (I eat an apple.)

#### Measure Words

Measure words (or classifiers) are used when counting nouns. They come between the number and the noun.

#### Example:

[ [ ] [ (yī gè rén) - one person ( ] is a common measure word) [ ] [ (sān běn shū) - three books ( ] is the measure word for books)

# Basic Sentence Structure

Subject + Verb	∏∏ (wŏ zŏu) - I walk
Subject + Verb +	□□□ (wŏ chī fàn) - I eat
Object	rice
Subject + Adverb +	(wǒ hěn kuài zǒu) - I
Verb	walk very fast
Subject + Verb +	(wŏ zuótiān chī
Object + Modifier	fàn) - I ate rice yesterday

## Using [] (shì - to be)

] (shì) is used to link a subject with	its
description or identity.	

## Example:

[[[]] (wŏ shì xuésheng) - I am a student.

# **Useful Phrases**

## Greetings

□□ (nĭ hǎo)	Hello
[] (nín hǎo)	Hello (formal)
[[[] (zǎoshang hǎo)	Good morning
(wănshàng hǎo)	Good evening
□□□□ (hǎojiǔ bújiàn)	Long time no see

# **Basic Interactions**

[] (xièxie)	Thank you
[][] (bú kèqì)	You're welcome
[[] (duìbuqĭ)	Sorry
(méi guānxi)	It's okay/No problem
[] (qĭng)	Please

# **Asking Questions**

(Nǐ jiào shénme míngzi?)	What's your name?
(Nǐ shì năli rén?)	Where are you from?
(Duōshao qián?)	How much?
[][][(Zhè shì shénme?)	What is this?
[[[[(Wèi shénme?)	Why?

## **Common Characters**

# Numbers

[] (yī)	One
[] (èr)	Two
[] (sān)	Three
[] (sì)	Four
☐ (wŭ)	Five
[] (liù)	Six
[] (qī)	Seven
[] (bā)	Eight
[] (jiŭ)	Nine

## Basic Words

[] (shí)

[] (rén)	Person
[] (jiā)	Home/Family
[] (hǎo)	Good
[] (dà)	Big
[] (xiǎo)	Small

Ten

#### Pronouns

[] (wŏ)	I/Me
[] (nĭ)	You
[ (tā)	He/Him
[ (tā)	She/Her
[] (wŏmen)	We/Us
[] (nĭmen)	You (plural)
[] (tāmen)	They/Them (masculine)
[] (tāmen)	They/Them (feminine)

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