



JScript Fundamentals

Basic Syntax

Variables	<code>var variableName = value;</code> Declares a variable. JScript is loosely typed.
Data Types	Number, String, Boolean, Object, Null, Undefined
Comments	<code>//</code> Single-line comment <code>/* ... */</code> Multi-line comment
Operators	Arithmetic (+, -, *, /, %), Assignment (=, +=, -=), Comparison (==, !=, >, <, >=, <=), Logical (&&, , !)
Conditional Statements	<code>if (condition) { ... } else { ... }</code> <code>switch (expression) { case value: ... break; default: ... }</code>
Loops	<code>for (initialization; condition; increment) { ... }</code> <code>while (condition) { ... }</code> <code>do { ... } while (condition);</code>

Working with Objects

Object Creation

Object Literal	<code>var myObject = { property1: value1, property2: value2 };</code>
Constructor Function	<code>function MyObject(property1, property2) { this.property1 = property1; this.property2 = property2; } var myObject = new MyObject(value1, value2);</code>
Adding Properties	<code>myObject.newProperty = value;</code>
Accessing Properties	<code>myObject.property1</code> or <code>myObject["property1"]</code>

Functions

Function Declaration	<code>function functionName(parameter1, parameter2) { ... return value; }</code>
Function Call	<code>functionName(argument1, argument2);</code>
Anonymous Function	<code>var myFunction = function(parameter) { ... };</code>
Return Statement	<code>return value;</code> Returns a value from the function.
Arguments Object	Access function arguments using the <code>arguments</code> object.

Built-in Objects

WScript	Provides methods and properties for interacting with the Windows Script Host. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <code>WScript.Echo(message)</code> - Displays a message box. <code>WScript.CreateObject(progID)</code> - Creates an instance of a COM object. <code>WScript.Arguments</code> - Collection of command-line arguments.
FileSystemObject (FSO)	Provides access to the file system. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <code>FSO.CreateTextFile(filename, overwrite)</code> - Creates a text file. <code>FSO.OpenTextFile(filename, iomode, create, format)</code> - Opens a text file. <code>FSO.FolderExists(folderpath)</code> - Checks if a folder exists. <code>FSO.FileExists(filepath)</code> - Checks if a file exists.
Shell Object	Provides methods for interacting with the Windows shell. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <code>Shell.Run(command, windowStyle, waitOnReturn)</code> - Executes a command. <code>Shell.ExpandEnvironmentStrings(string)</code> - Expands environment variables. <code>Shell.RegWrite(key, value, type)</code> - Writes to the registry.

Advanced JScript Techniques

Error Handling

Try... Catch... Finally	<pre>try { // Code that might throw an error } catch (error) { // Handle the error WScript.Echo(error.message); } finally { // Code that executes regardless of error }</pre>
Error Object	<p>The <code>error</code> object in the <code>catch</code> block contains information about the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><code>error.number</code> - Error code.<code>error.description</code> - Error message.

Working with Arrays

Array Creation	<pre>var myArray = [value1, value2, value3]; or var myArray = new Array(value1, value2, value3);</pre>
Accessing Elements	<pre>myArray[index] (index starts at 0)</pre>
Array Methods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><code>myArray.push(value)</code> - Adds an element to the end of the array.<code>myArray.pop()</code> - Removes the last element from the array.<code>myArray.length</code> - Returns the number of elements in the array.

Regular Expressions

Creating a RegExp Object	<pre>var myRegExp = /pattern/flags; or var myRegExp = new RegExp("pattern", "flags");</pre>
RegExp Methods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><code>myRegExp.test(string)</code> - Returns true if the string matches the pattern.<code>myRegExp.exec(string)</code> - Returns an array containing the matched text.
Common Flags	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><code>i</code> - Case-insensitive.<code>g</code> - Global match (find all occurrences).<code>m</code> - Multiline.

JScript and WSH

WSH Scripting

<p>JScript files are executed by the Windows Script Host (WSH). WSH provides a runtime environment for executing scripts written in various scripting languages, including JScript and VBScript.</p> <p>Scripts are typically saved with a <code>.js</code> extension and can be executed by double-clicking them or by using the <code>wscript.exe</code> or <code>cscript.exe</code> command-line interpreters.</p>

Example Scripts

Displaying a Message Box <pre>WScript.Echo("Hello, World!");</pre>
Reading a Text File <pre>var FS0 = WScript.CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject"); var file = FS0.OpenTextFile("C:\\example.txt", 1); // 1 = ForReading var content = file.ReadAll(); file.Close(); WScript.Echo(content);</pre>
Creating a Folder <pre>var FS0 = WScript.CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject"); var folderPath = "C:\\NewFolder"; if (!FS0.FolderExists(folderPath)) { FS0.CreateFolder(folderPath); WScript.Echo("Folder created successfully!"); } else { WScript.Echo("Folder already exists."); }</pre>
Running an External Program <pre>var Shell = WScript.CreateObject("WScript.Shell"); Shell.Run("notepad.exe");</pre>