## CHEATHERO SHEETSHERO

# **Documentation Templates Cheat Sheet**

A handy reference for creating effective documentation templates, covering structure, content, and best practices for various technical documents.



# **Template Structure**

**Document Components** 

Title Page: Includes document title, author, date, and version number.
<b>Table of Contents:</b> Automatically generated for easy navigation. Use properheading styles for automation.
Abstract/Executive Summary: A brief overview of the document's purpose and key findings.
Introduction: Background information, scope, and objectives of the document.
Body: The main content, organized into logical sections and subsections.
Conclusion: Summary of key points and recommendations.
<b>Appendices:</b> Supplementary information, such as code samples, data tables, or glossaries.
References: A list of all sources cited in the document.

Formatting Guidelines		
Font:	Use a clear and readable font (e.g., Arial, Times New Roman, Calibri) in a consistent size (e.g., 12pt).	
Headings:	Use a consistent heading hierarchy (e.g., Heading 1, Heading 2, Heading 3) to structure the content.	
Spacing:	Use consistent spacing before and after headings and paragraphs for readability.	
Margins:	Set appropriate margins for the document (e.g., 1 inch on all sides).	
Page Numbers:	Include page numbers in a consistent location (e.g., bottom right corner).	

## **Content Strategies**

#### **Clarity and Conciseness**

#### Target Audience

Write in clear, concise language that is easy to understand. Avoid jargon and technical terms unless	Te Us	
necessary, and define them when used.	No	
Use short sentences and paragraphs to improve readability.	Te Us	
Focus on providing relevant information and avoid unnecessary details.	Mi Au	

Technical Users:	Provide detailed technical specifications, code samples, and troubleshooting information.
Non- Technical Users:	Focus on high-level concepts, use cases, and step-by-step instructions.
Mixed Audience:	Structure the document to cater to both technical and non- technical users, with clear distinctions between sections.
Developers:	Include API references, code snippets, and integration guidelines.
End Users:	Provide user manuals, tutorials, and FAQs.

#### Visual Aids

Use diagrams, charts, and screenshots to illustrate concepts and processes.
Ensure that visual aids are clear, relevant, and properly labeled.
Use captions to provide context and explain the purpose of each visual aid.

## **Specific Template Types**

User Manual Template	API D
Introduction to the product or system.	Over
Step-by-step instructions for using the product.	Detai parar exam Auth
Troubleshooting guide for common issues.	
FAQ section to address common questions.	
Visual aids (screenshots, diagrams) to guide users.	Code langu

### **API Documentation Template**

Overview of the API and its capabilities.
Detailed descriptions of each endpoint, including parameters, request/response formats, and examples.
Authentication and authorization information.
Code samples in multiple programming languages.
Error codes and troubleshooting information.

### **Best Practices**

#### **Review and Revision**

Have the document reviewed by multiple stakeholders, including technical experts, end-users, and editors.

Incorporate feedback and revise the document accordingly.

Maintain version control to track changes and ensure that everyone is using the latest version.

# Accessibility

Ensure that the document is accessible to users with disabilities, following accessibility guidelines (e.g., WCAG).

Provide alternative text for images and other visual elements.

Use clear and consistent formatting to aid navigation.

# Software Requirements Specification (SRS) Template

Introduction to the software project and its goals.
Functional and non-functional requirements.
Use cases and user stories.
System architecture and design.
Constraints and assumptions.

### Tools

Use specialized documentation tools (e.g.,
Sphinx, Doxygen, MadCap Flare) to automate
template creation and content management.

Consider using version control systems (e.g., Git) to manage documentation changes.

Employ style checkers and grammar tools to ensure consistency and accuracy.