

# **Docker Compose Cheatsheet**

A comprehensive guide to Docker Compose, covering essential commands, configurations, and best practices for defining and managing multicontainer Docker applications.

Docker Compose is now integrated into Docker

Desktop. Ensure Docker Desktop is installed and

running. For standalone installation (if needed):

sudo apt-get install docker-compose-



## **Basic Concepts & Setup**

#### What is Docker Compose?

Docker Compose is a tool for defining and running multi-container Docker applications. With Compose, you use a YAML file to configure your application's services. Then, with a single command, you create and start all the services from your configuration.

Key benefits include:

- Simplified multi-container management.
- Infrastructure as code.
- Reproducible environments.

## **Essential Commands**

#### Lifecycle Management

docker compose up	Builds, (re)creates, starts, and attaches to containers for all services defined in the docker-compose.yml file. Flags: -d (detached mode).
docker compose down	Stops and removes containers, networks, volumes, and images created by up.
docker compose start	Starts existing containers.
docker compose stop	Stops running containers without removing them.
docker compose restar t	Restarts all services.

# Example for Linux

sudo apt-get update

Installation

plugin

#### Service Interaction

docker compose ps	Lists the status of the containers.
docker compose logs	View output from the containers. Service can be specified docker compose logs <service>.</service>
docker compose exec	Execute a command in a running container. Example: docker compose exec web bash
docker compose run	Run a one-off command against a service. Example: docker compose run web python manage.py migrate

## Docker Compose File (docker-compose.yml)

The docker-compose.yml file defines the services, networks, and volumes for your application. Here's a basic structure:

version: '3.8'
services:
web:
<pre>image: nginx:latest</pre>
ports:
- "80:80"

### **Configuration Inspection**

docker	Validate and view the Compose
compose	file configuration.
config	Useful for verifying your setup.
docker compose	Displays the Docker Compose version.
version	

# **Configuration Options**

#### **Build Configuration**

Use the build directive to configure how a service is built from a Dockerfile. version: '3.8' services: web: build: context: ./web dockerfile: Dockerfile.dev args:

NODE\_ENV: development

- context : Path to the build context (directory containing the Dockerfile).
- dockerfile : Name of the Dockerfile (defaults to Dockerfile ).
- args : Build-time arguments.

#### Image Configuration

Specify a pre-built image using the image directive:

version: '3.8'

```
services:
```

web:

image: nginx:latest

You can also specify a private registry:

image: your-registry.com/your-image:tag

### Port Mapping

Expose ports from the container to the host machine:
version: '3.8'
services:
web:
ports:
- "80:80" # host:container
- "443:443"
Use expose to expose ports between linked

services (not accessible from the host):

expose: - "3000"

#### Volumes

#### **Environment Variables**

Share directories or volumes between the host and containers.		
version: '3.8'		
services:		
web:		
volumes:		
<pre>/app:/var/www/html #</pre>		
host_path:container_path		
- data-volume:/data  # named		
volume		
volumes:		
data-volume:		

Set environment variables for services.
version: '3.8'
services:
web:
environment:
-
DATABASE_URL=postgres://user:pass@db:543
2
- API_KEY=\${API_KEY}
env_file:
env
environment : Define variables directly in
the Compose file.
env_file: Load variables from one or more     .env_files.

• **\${VARIABLE}**: Use environment variables from the host system.

## **Advanced Configuration**

# Dependencies & Health Checks

```
Define service dependencies and health checks
to ensure proper startup order and service
availability.
 version: '3.8'
 services:
   web:
     depends_on:
       db:
         condition: service_healthy
     healthcheck:
       test: ["CMD", "curl", "-f",
 "http://localhost"]
       interval: 1m30s
       timeout: 10s
       retries: 3
       start_period: 40s
```

- depends\_on : Define service dependencies and startup order. Conditions: service\_healthy, service\_started.
- **healthcheck** : Define how Docker determines if a service is healthy.

## Networks

```
Create custom networks for inter-container communication.
```

```
version: '3.8'
services:
   web:
    networks: [frontend]
   db:
```

```
networks: [frontend]
```

#### networks:

```
frontend:
```

```
driver: bridge
```

- **networks**: Specify which networks a service belongs to.
- driver : Network driver (e.g., bridge, overlay).

#### **Extending Services**

```
Use extends to share configurations between
services.
version: '3.8'
services:
web:
extends:
file: common-config.yml
service: webapp
```

```
• file: Path to the configuration file containing the base service.
```

• service : Name of the service to extend.

#### **Resource Limits**

Limit the resources a container can use.

```
version: '3.8'
services:
   web:
    deploy:
        resources:
        limits:
        cpus: '0.5'
```

memory: 512M

- cpus : CPU limit (e.g., 0.5 for 50% of a CPU core).
- memory : Memory limit (e.g., 512M, 1G).